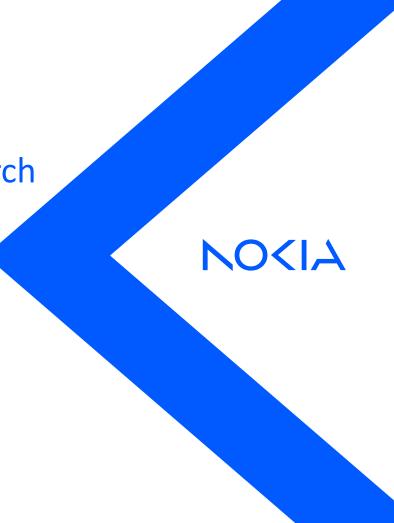
IEEE CSCN 2023 Panel 1 (P1):
Maximizing the Impact of Research through Standardization:
SDOs plans for the future

Maximilian Riegel Nokia Standards 2023-11-06

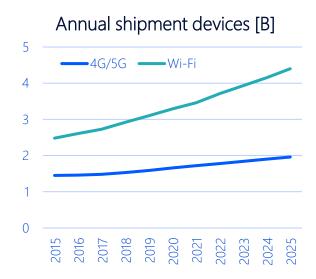


## Standards that define future...

#### IEEE 802.11<sup>™</sup> aka 'Wi-Fi'

- Originally conceived to link wireless cash registers
- Today underpins revolutionary mobile devices and ever-growing range of applications



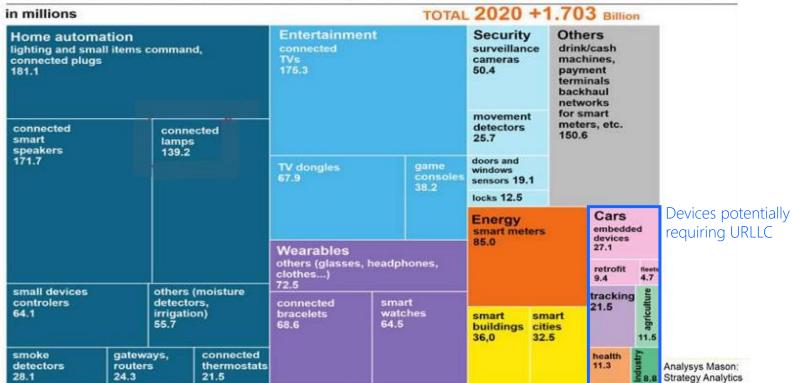




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# Which are the IoT devices that require URLLC?

New connections or sales/deliveries of connected devices: world panorama in 2020

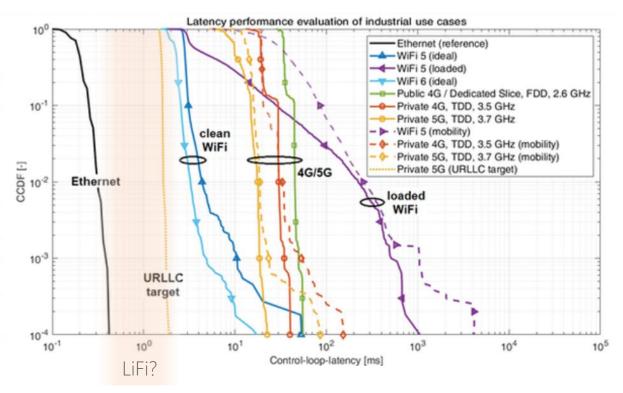


Source: Orange, LiFi Conference, 24 June 2021



# The gap between wired and wireless technologies

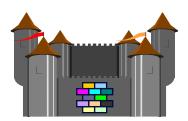
Could other technologies fill the performance gap providing near wire-quality





# Two approaches to standardization...

#### **Architectures**



- Harmonized architecture
- Well defined applications and services
- 'Compulsory' Standards
- Corporate membership
- Established big players

#### **Protocols**

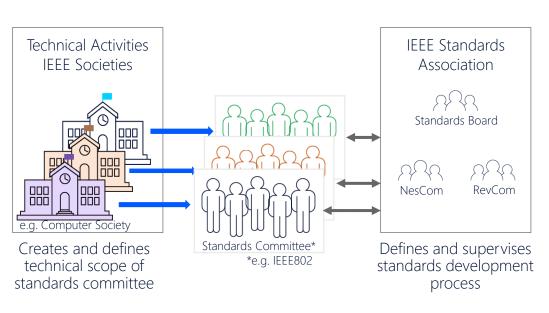


- General building blocks
- Single functions
- Adoption open to market
- Running code
- Contributions by individuals
- Fast and flexible players



## Research and standardization

#### E.g. Standardization within IEEE



#### **IEEE** standardization process

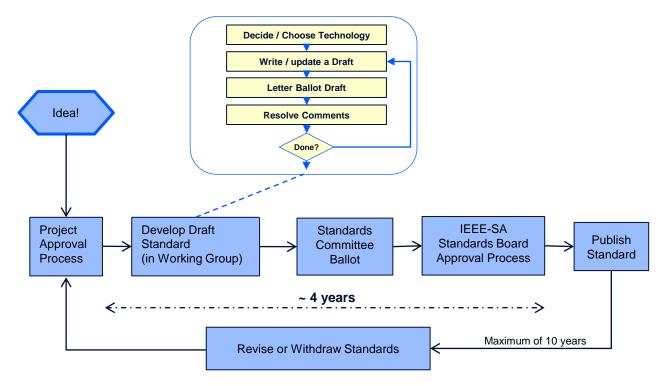
- Mainly addressing functional components, very rarely system architectures
- Usually based on individual membership, i.e. voting rights belong to individuals
- Open access: anybody can participate without need for membership or payments
- Technical decisions through comprehensive voting
- Responsibility of IEEE Standards Association is limited to procedural aspects



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## Serious standardization takes time

### IEEE Standards development process flow





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